

Avoiding Rear-End

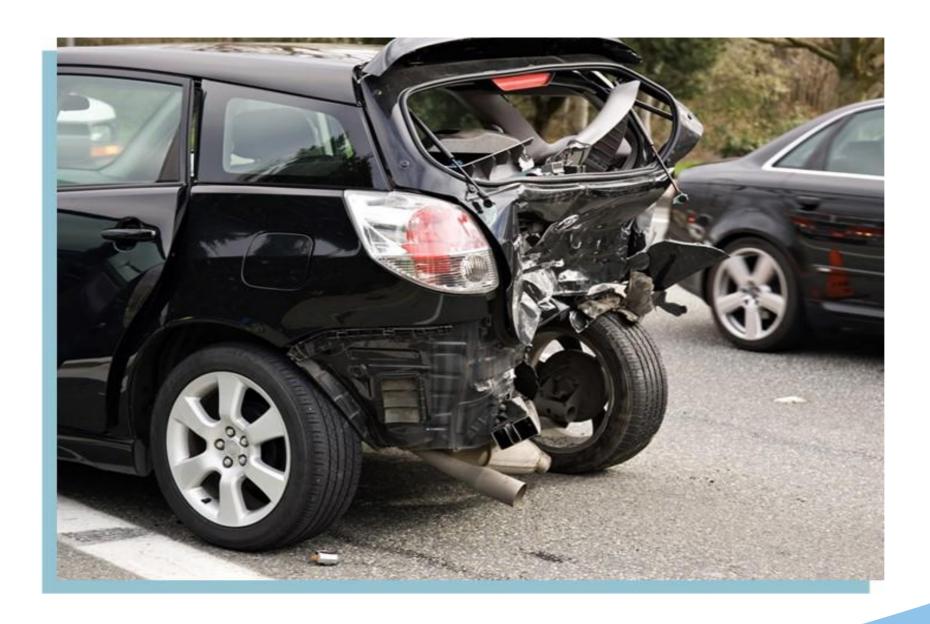
Collisions







Rear – End Accident Avoidance







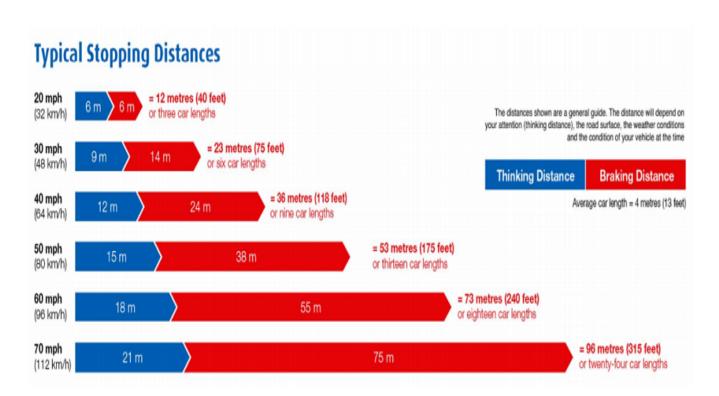
- Distractions
- Speeding or driving too fast for conditions
- Inadequate following distance
- Driver fatigue
- Securing & Positioning Load (trailers)
- Mechanical breakdown

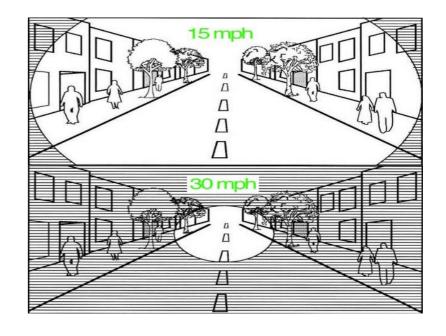
"Be Aware Distances"

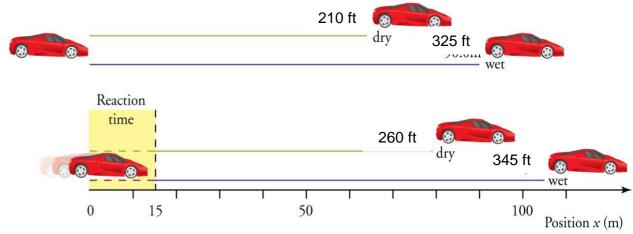


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- > Perception
- > Reaction
- > Braking







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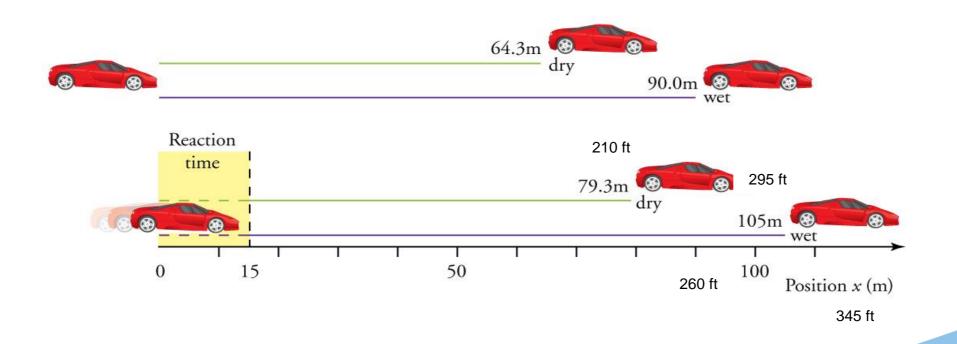


Be aware of perception distance: the number of feet your vehicle travels from the time an event occurs, such as brake lights ahead, until you **see** and **recognize** it.

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Reaction Distance

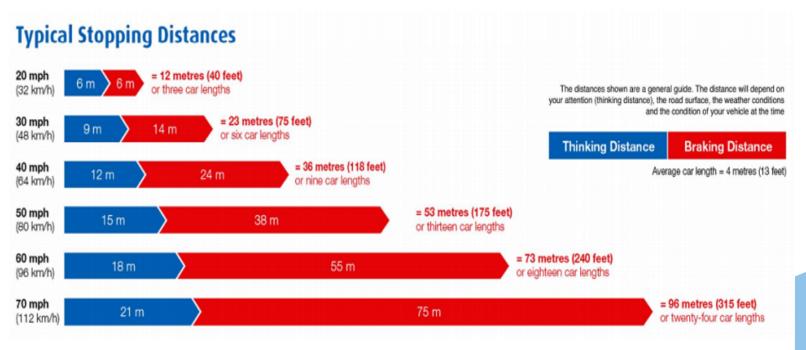
Be aware of reaction distance: the number of feet your vehicle travels from the time you *recognize* the *hazard* and when you *brake*.





Braking Distance

Be aware of braking distance: the number of feet your vehicle travels from the time you brake and when your vehicle stops is braking distance.



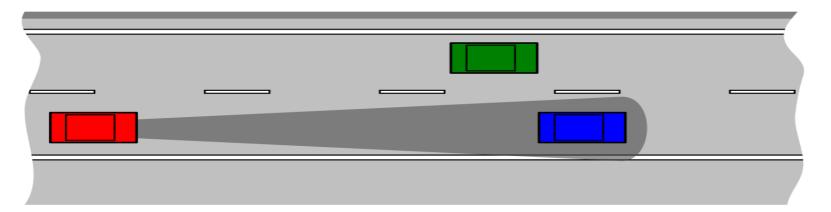




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Tips to avoid rear-end accidents

- Maintain a safe following distance: (2-4 sec between vehicles).
- Stay alert and prepared: Ready to react, foot off of accelerator ready to apply brake.
- Scan and anticipate: Look far ahead, watch for brake lights, changing traffic signal, pedestrians, emergency vehicles etc.







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- Plan your trip: Monitor weather, traffic reports.
- Consider road conditions: Increase following distance during adverse weather.
- Slow down in advance of intersections: Previous vehicles may have leaked fluids; rain; snow - they all can make the road slick.







- Avoid stopping too closely to the vehicle in front of you at intersections: Keep at least one car length between your car and other vehicles.
- Yellow lights mean caution: Don't assume vehicle in front of you is going through the intersection.







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- Make sure your brake lights work: they give the vehicle behind you a warning of your intentions.
- Keep your windows clean: Clear fields of vision are required so you can see what the other driver is doing and react accordingly.





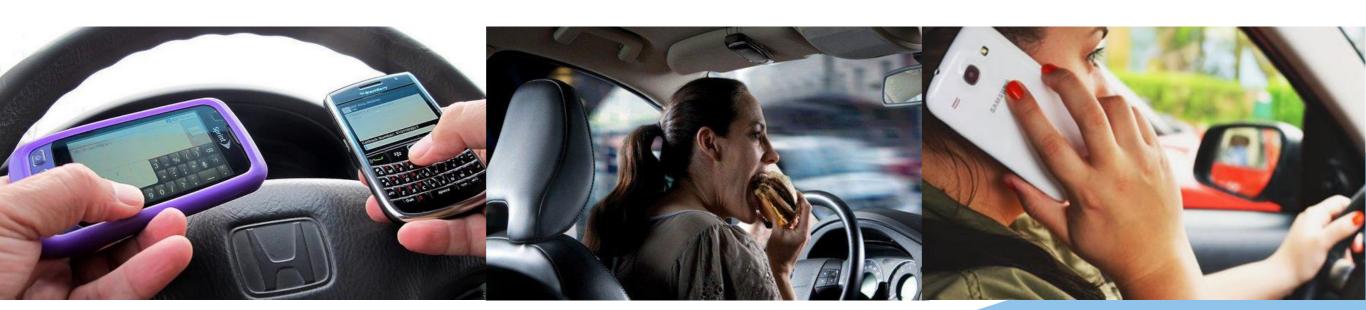


- Be aware of and avoid aggressive drivers: Try to move away as safely and quickly as possible.
- Do not drive under the influence Drugs or Alcohol.
- No driving if you are tired or ill.
- Do not ride your brakes: The following vehicle can not determine your intentions.
- Always wear your seatbelt.





- Avoid distracting activities while driving: Examples include texting, using cell phone, reading, writing, eating, reaching for distant or moving objects etc.
- Follow posted speed limits: Remember to adjust for adverse conditions.





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Avoid Rear-End Collisions

Following the tips that have been presented, you will decrease the chances of being involved in a rear-end accident, and if you are in a rear-end accident the tips will increase your chances of survival!





